The following is a Korea market brief for the AACC Clinical Lab Expo 2005 in Orlando.

# Name of Country/Region Republic of Korea

- 1. Population
  - a. Total population <u>48 Mil.</u>
  - b. % having access to quality healthcare \_\*\_%
    - \* This depends on the definition of quality healthcare. The entire Korean population is able to access fundamental healthcare services under the National Health Insurance (NHI) system, which pays for 80% of insured services. For certain services, such as cancer treatment, NHI sets prices but does not reimburse for these services, i.e., these services are 100 percent patient-paid.
- 2. Who Pays for Healthcare? What Percentage?
  - a. Government 44.4 %
  - b. Private Insurance 11.5 %
  - c. Patient Out-of-Pocket 44.1 %
- 3. Number of testing facilities (latest data from the Ministry of Health and Welfare)
  - a. Hospital
    - i. Public: 87
    - ii. Private: 842
    - iii. Government: 46
  - b. Independent labs (Commercial): less than 20
  - c. Physician Offices (clinics): 23,299
  - d. Pharmacies: 17, 823
  - e. Other: 2 (Tuberculosis Hospital)
- 4. Import statistics and trends of clinical laboratory products (Estimated in 2004)
  - a. From U.S.: \$77.0 million
  - b. From ROW: \$51.4 million from European countries (Switzerland, Germany, etc.)
- 5. Barriers to market entry
  - a. Regulatory:

## Pre-market Approval:

All diagnostic clinical laboratory products (instruments and reagents) are required to obtain marketing clearance from the Korea Food & Drug Administration (KFDA) before they can be manufactured in or imported into Korea. For example, a clinical lab instrument undergoes one of two different regulatory pathways, depending on its classification under the Korean regulatory system. KFDA requires pre-market notification for class I devices and pre-market approval for class II, III, and IV devices. Most clinical lab instruments currently in the market fall under class I or

class II. Since KFDA issues product licenses only to locally based firms, all foreign suppliers must submit required documentation and receive necessary approvals through their Korean importers or through a Korearegistered subsidiary of the US supplier.

b. Duties: Instruments: 8% (FOB)

Reagents for diagnostics: 0% - 2.5% (FOB)

Reagents for research: 8% (FOB)

- c. Domestic: Domestic manufacturers are required to obtain the same marketing clearance.
- d. Procurement practices: Most general and big hospitals (more than 250 beds) purchase through bidding, while small hospitals/clinics purchase through private contracts.
- e. Distribution systems:

Clinical laboratory products are distributed through local distributors or commissioned agents. A local distributor or commissioned agent may directly cover the whole country on an exclusive basis. A master distributor may contract with other regional sub-dealers.

Major international suppliers work directly on advertising, make direct contact with doctors, and provide them with technical assistance. Meanwhile, sales are made through their Korean distributors or subsidiaries. Most Korean distributors working with the major international firms maintain close relationships with senior doctors at major hospitals.

# 6. Contact lists

a. Domestic IVD Manufactures:

There is no local manufacturer of IVD instruments, but there are about 100 reagent makers in Korea. The top three Korean reagent makers are:

1) YD - Diagnostics

Address: 2F., Kukdong Building A-dong

228-8, Jamsil-dong, Songpa-ku

Seoul

Phone: 82-2-2233-3531 Fax: 82-2-2233-5687

Website: www.yd-diagnostics.com

2) LG Life Sciences

Address: 601, Yongjae-dong

Iksan, Junbuk

Phone: 82-63-830-4250

Fax: 82-063-830-4261 Website: www.lgls.co.kr

#### 3) Green Cross

Add: 303 Bojung-ri, Gusung

Yong In, Kyonggi-do

Phone: 82-31-260-9300 Fax: 82-31-260-9405 Website: www.kgcc.co.kr

## b. Trade and Professional Associations:

1) The Korean Society of Laboratory Medicine

Add: Rm. 601, Korean Medical Association Bldg.

302-75, Ichon 1-dong, Yongsan-ku

Seoul

Phone: 82-2-795-9914 Fax: 82-2-790-4760 Website: www.kslm.org

2) The Korean Association of Medical Technologies

Add: 2F., Myungshil Bldg.

165-15, Samsung-dong, Kangnam-ku

Seoul

Phone: 82-2-508-5591 Fax: 82-2-508/5592 Website: www.kamt.or.kr

## c. Information sources:

Commercial Service Korea

U.S. Embassy, Seoul

Add: 32, Sejong-ro, Chongro-ku

Seoul

Contact: Helen Peterson, Commercial Attaché

(email: Helen.peterson@mail.doc.gov)

Yoonshil Chay, Senior Commercial Specialist

(email: yoon.shil.chay@mail.doc.gov)

Phone: 82-2-397-4439 Fax: 82-2-737-5357

#### d. Distributors

Since Korean distributors handle specific product lines, CS Korea can provide a list of distributors, through CS Korea's fee-based programs.

## 7. Market Opportunities

Total market demand for clinical lab products in Korea is forecast to reach approximately US\$ 214 million in 2005 and is expected to grow 5-10% annually for the next three years. Among them, the market for In Vitro Diagnostic (IVD)

products accounts for about 95% or \$203 million (US\$1=W1200). Imports of IVD products represent about 60% of the total market demand for IVD products. According to industry, IVD instruments are nearly 100 percent imported, while around 60 percent of reagents in Korea are imported. Among the total imports, U.S. products account for about 60% and EU products account for 40%. Major foreign key players in the Korean market are Roche (Switzerland), Abbott (U.S.), Bayer (Germany), Johnson & Johnson (U.S.), and Beckman (U.S.). Big general hospitals, which have more than 250 beds, use foreign clinical lab products (instruments & reagents) mostly, which account for more than 90% of their total use, while small clinics use domestic products (mostly reagents for a limited range of testing).

8. Size of IVD market in units and US\$: \$203 million (US\$1=W1200, 230 billion

won)				
a. Instrur	ments: \$ 46.7 M	<u>M</u>		
i.	Chemistry	Units <u>200-220</u>	\$_	15.9M
ii.	Hematology	Units $\overline{200-220}$	\$	7.9M
		Units $\overline{200-220}$	\$	18.2M
(including immunology)				
iv.	Others		\$_	4.7M_
b. Reage	nts: \$ <u>156.3</u>			
* c. Point of Care Testing Units		Units	\$_	
* d. Self testing		Units	\$_	

<sup>\*\*</sup> Industry has no estimates, but sources say that the market is small and growth is limited. Point of Care Testing and Self-testing products could fall under either Instruments or Reagents, according to industry.